

琉球大学学術リポジトリ

米国管理下の南西諸島状況雑件 沖縄関係 一般重要案件(1)

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本土・沖繩類似果比較表

北米局長

参事官

北米課長

本土・沖縄類似県比較表

127112

昭和40.12.16

北米課

かねて、在京米大使館フランス一等書記官より
沖縄は経済的・社会的に本土の何県と類似

しているか承知したい旨要請があったので、特産局に
~~毎年~~依頼していただいた。なお、^{と3}本土・沖縄類似県
資料作成方)

比較表の作成し送付越した。
当課に作成した同比較表の英訳と4612

以参考迄に御高覧の供し奉る。

Statistical Comparison between Okinawa & Similar Prefectures
in Japan proper

December 9, 1965
Special Area's Liaison
Bureau, Prime Minister's
Office

1. Land Area

Area (km ²)	Okinawa	Osaka (46)	Kagawa (45)	Tokyo (44)	Kanagawa (43)	Saga (42)
	2,388.22	1,831.47	1,859.36	2,026.89	2,361.37	2,403.50

N.B. Figures in the parenthesis show ranking among prefectures in Japan proper

2. Population

	Okinawa	Tokushima (42)	Kochi (41)	Shimane (40)	Kagawa (39)	Saga (38)
Total (1,000)	883	847	854	888	918	942
Density (population/km ²)	370.0	204.5	120.3	134.2	494.2	392.3
Per Capita Tatami Mats	2.5	4.5	3.9	4.8	4.7	4.0

N.B. Indices from the 1960 Census

3. Employment (1,000)

<u>Total</u>	Okinawa	Yamanashi(44)	Fukui(43)	Tokushima(42)	Saga(41)	Kochi(40)	Kagawa(37)
Persons 15 ^{years} old and over	386	372	392	395	409	420	443
<u>By Industry</u>							
Primary Industries	176	163	156	186	178	214	185
Secondary "	47	92	114	80	86	66	96
Tertiary "	163	117	122	129	145	140	162

N.B. Indices from the 1960 Census

4. Income (Japan proper: 1962, Okinawa: 1963)

	Okinawa	Tottori(46)	Nara(45)	Shimane(44)	Saga(43)	Tokushima(42)
Gross Products (million yen)	95,033	71,538	103,400	104,135	106,493	108,433
	Okinawa	Kagoshima(46)	Miyazaki(45)	Kumamoto(44)	Nagasaki(43)	Shimane(42)
Per Capita Income (yen)	99,720	94,280	105,248	112,313	114,215	114,509

N.B. Sources: White Paper on National Income, 1963
(Japan proper)
Ryukyus Statistical Yearbook, 1963
(Okinawa)

5. Finance (Japan proper: 1963, Okinawa: 1964)

	Okinawa	Tottori(46)	Nara(45)	Kagawa(44)	Yamanashi(41)	Shiga(42)
Total Revenue (million yen)	18,529	17,674	19,757	20,163	20,383	21,770

N.B. sources: Statistical Yearbook of Local Finance, 1963
(Japan proper)
Balance Sheet, 1964 (Okinawa)

6. Agriculture (as of 1960)

	Okinawa	Wakayama(44)	Yamanashi(43)	Tottori(42)	Kyoto(41)	Tokushima(40)
Cultivated Acreage(ha)	44,704	39,907	45,868	46,329	46,644	46,754
Number of Farms	80,296	79,116	79,135	79,543	82,015	82,463

N.B. Indices of Okinawan farms are as of 1962.
Sources: Japanese Statistical Yearbook, 1964 (Japan proper)
Ryukyus Statistical Yearbook, 1963 & Data on Sugar
Industry (GRI, 1963)

7. Forest Area (Japan proper: 1960, Okinawa: 1961)

	Okinawa	Tokyo(45)	Kagawa(44)	Kanagawa(43)	Saga(42)	Saitama(41)
Forest Area	119,096	80,840	94,092	104,135	120,163	133,351

N.B. Sources: Japanese Statistical Yearbook, 1963 (Japan proper)
General Survey of Okinawa, 1964 (Okinawa)

8. Fisheries (Japan proper 1961, Okinawa, 1963)

	Okinawa	Tottori(33)	Toyama(32)	Fukui (31)	Saga (30)	Miyazaki (29)
Fishing Vessels (Total Tonnage)	10,081	8,946	9,059	9,939	12,364	13,209
Catch (Ton)	17,543	78,105	23,909	24,671	118,031	33,486

N.B. sources: Japanese Statistical Yearbook, 1963 (Japan proper)
General Situation of Fisheries in Ryukyu, 1964 &
General Survey of Okinawa, 1964 (Okinawa)

9. Roads (Japan proper: 1961, Okinawa: 1963)

	Okinawa	Saga (45)	Yamanashi(45)	Kagawa(43) ⁴	Osaka (42) ³	Kanagawa(41) ²
Total Length (km)	1,032	1,377	1,377	1,552	1,672	1,673
Rate of Improvement(%)	76.8	42.9	44.3	23.2	60.5	58.8
Rate of Pavement (%)	14.0	14.8	16.9	13.6	45.3	41.7

N.B. sources: Handbook of Roads, Japan Roads Society, 1963
(Japan proper)
General Survey of Okinawa, 1964 (Okinawa)

10. Education (as of 1962)

	Okinawa	Tottori (46)	Shiga (45)	Saga (44)	Kagawa (43)	Fukui (42)
Elementary & Junior High Schools	301	273	285	287	327	331
Teachers	6,265	4,240	5,511	6,253	5,815	5,197
Pupils (1,000)	238	123	157	211	181	153
Pupils per Teacher	38	29	35	34	31	29

N.B. sources: Statistical Survey of Education, 1963
(Japan proper)
Ryukyu Yo-ran, 1962
Education in Ryukyus, 1963 (Okinawa)

11. Public Welfare (Japan proper: 1962, Okinawa: 1963)

	Okinawa	Tottori (46)	Yamanashi(45)	Fukui (44)	Nara (43)	Tokushima(42)
Medical Facilities (hospitals, clinics, dental clinics)	362	564	706	722	779	792
Doctors	357	788	669	708	865	1,105
Dentists	99	195	246	191	266	223
Pharmacists	167	262	279	380	643	566
Doctors per 100,000 people	39.5	133.6	86.7	94.0	108.8	134.1

	Okinawa	Tottori(46)	Yamanashi(45)	Fukui(44)	Nara(43)	Tokushima(42)
Dentists per 100,000 people	11.7	33.1	31.9	25.4	33.5	27.1
Pharmacists	18.0	44.4	36.1	50.5	80.9	68.7

N.B. sources: Japanese Statistical Yearbook, 1964 & Research by the Ministry of Welfare (Japan proper)
Ryukyus Statistical Yearbook, 1963 (Okinawa)

Livelihood protection in prefectures similar in population (monthly mean, 1963)

	Okinawa	Tokushima	Kochi	Shimane	Kagawa	Saga
Number of persons under protection	28,812	20,321	34,263	21,009	14,953	24,868
Rate of Protection per 1,000 people	31.5	24.7	41.3	24.5	18.7	27.9

N.B. Sources: Research by the Ministry of Welfare, 1964 (Japan proper)
Research by the GRI, 1963 (Okinawa)

本土、沖繩類似県比較表

40.12.9 府庁特選局

面積	
沖繩	大阪(46) 香川(45) 東京(44) 神奈川(43) 佐賀(42)
総面積 (km ²)	2,388.22 1,831.47 1,859.56 2,024.89 2,361.37 2,403.50

(注) 本土の都府県面積の数字は、本土の都道府県における順位(以下同じ)。

人口	
沖繩	徳島(42) 高知(41) 島根(40) 香川(39) 佐賀(38)
総人口(千人)	883 847 854 828 918 942
人口密度(人/km ²)	370.0 204.5 120.3 134.2 494.2 392.3
人口増数	2.5 4.5 3.9 4.8 4.7 4.0

(備考) 本二、沖繩と主 昭和30(1950)年の国勢調査による。

3 産業構造

沖繩		山梨(42)		徳島(42)		佐賀(41)		高知(40)		香川(39)	
15才以上就業人口(千人)		386		372		392		395		409	
第一次産業		176		163		156		186		178	
第二次産業		47		92		114		90		86	
第三次産業		163		117		122		145		140	

(備考) 本土、沖繩と主 昭和30(1950)年の国勢調査による。

4 所得	
(本土 昭和37年、沖繩 1963年度)	
県民総生産(百万円)	95,033 1,03,400 1,04,135 106,493 108,433 106,213
県民平均所得(円)	94,423 114,959 29,591 108,24 102,944 108,006
一人当り所得(円)	20,720 40,123 11,589 11,895 12,425 12,930
資料	本土 昭和38年度国民所得白書、沖繩 琉球経済計画(1963)

総 理 府

5 財政規模 (本土:昭和三十九年度決算額, 沖縄:1964年度決算額)

沖縄	鳥取(44)	奈良(45)	香川(44)	山梨(43)	滋賀(42)
歳入総額(百万円)	1,055.29	1,766.74	1,977.57	291.63	2,031.83
				203,183	21,707.0

(備考) 資料: 本土: 地方財政統計年報 (昭和三十九年度), 沖縄: 1964年度決算書

6 農業 (本土: 沖縄と昭和三十九(1960)年)

耕地面積 (ha)	沖縄	山梨(43)	鳥取(42)	京都(41)	徳島(40)	高知(39)
	44,704	45,558	46,329	46,644	46,754	47,414
農家戸数	沖縄	知事(43)	佐賀(42)	徳島(41)	山梨(40)	京都(39)
	80,296	79,116	79,135	78,543	82,015	82,463

(注) 沖縄の農家戸数は1962年のもの。資料は: 本土: 日本統計年鑑(昭和三十九年), 沖縄: 琉球統計年鑑(1963)及び 糖業関係資料(1963, 琉球政府経済局)

7 林野面積 (本土: 1960年, 沖縄: 1961年)

林野面積 (ha)	沖縄	東京(45)	香川(44)	神奈川(43)	佐賀(42)	埼玉(41)
	119,096	80,840	94,092	104,135	120,163	133,351

(備考) 資料: 本土: 日本統計年鑑(1963), 沖縄: 沖縄林野観覧資料(1964)

8 水産 (本土: 1962年, 沖縄: 1963年)

漁船総トン数	沖縄	鳥取(33)	富山(32)	福井(31)	佐賀(30)	宮崎(29)
	10,081	8,946	9,059	9,939	12,364	13,209
漁獲高 (トン)	沖縄	鳥取(33)	富山(32)	福井(31)	佐賀(30)	宮崎(29)
	175,463	78,105	23,909	24,671	118,031	33,486

(備考) 資料: 本土: 日本統計年鑑(1963), 沖縄: 琉球水産業の概況(1964), 及び 沖縄林野観覧資料(1964)

2. 道路 (本土 1961年, 沖縄 1963年)

	沖 縄	佐賀(45)	山梨(45)	香川(44)	大阪(43)	神奈川県(42)
道路延長 (km)	1,032	1,377	1,377	1,552	1,672	1,673
改良率 (%)	76.8	42.9	44.3	23.2	60.5	58.8
舗装率 (%)	14.0	14.8	16.9	13.5	45.3	41.7

(備考) 資料, 本土: 日本道路協会「道路手帳」(1963), 沖縄: 沖縄建設資料 (1964)

10. 教育 (本土 沖縄 1962年)

	沖 縄	鳥取(46)	滋賀(45)	佐賀(44)	香川(43)	福井(42)
小中学校数	301	273	285	287	327	331
教員数 (人)	4,265	4,240	5,511	6,253	5,815	5,197
生徒数 (人)	258	123	157	211	181	153
職員以外生徒数 (人)	38	29	35	34	31	29

(備考) 資料, 本土: 文部統計要覧 (1963), 沖縄: 琉球要覧 (1962) 及び「琉球」の教育 (1963)

11. 厚生 (本土 1962年, 沖縄 1963年)

	沖 縄	鳥取(46)	山梨(45)	福井(44)	奈良(43)	徳島(42)
医療施設数 (病院, 診療所, 歯科診療所)	362	564	706	722	779	792
医師数	357	758	869	708	865	1,105
歯科医師数	99	195	246	191	266	223
薬剤師数	167	262	279	380	643	566
人口10対医師数	39.5	133.6	86.7	94.0	108.8	134.1
歯科医師数	11.7	33.1	31.9	25.4	33.5	27.1
薬剤師数	18.0	44.4	36.1	50.5	80.9	68.7

(備考) 資料, 本土: 日本統計年鑑 (1964) 及び「厚生省調査, 沖縄: 琉球統計年鑑 (1963)

人口類似具 生活保護状況 (1963年度14月平均)

	沖縄	徳島	高知	島根	香川	佐賀
被保護者人負 (%)	28.5/2	20.3/21	34.2/63	21.0/09	16.9/53	24.8/68
保護率 (対人口%)	31.5	24.7	41.3	24.5	18.7	27.9

本土: 厚生省調 (1964)

沖縄: 琉球行政庁厚生局調 (1963)

U
Tokyo, December 16, 1965.

Dear Mr. Bruns,

In compliance with your request, enclosed are two copies of English translation of "Statistical Comparison between Okinawa and Similar Prefectures in Japan Proper" which has been compiled by the Prime Minister's Office.

Sincerely yours,

Sumio Edamura
Deputy Chief,
North American Section,
North American Affairs Bureau,
Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Enclosures: as stated

Mr. William H. Bruns,
First Secretary,
Embassy of the United States
of America,
Tokyo.

o.k. X
DRAFT

Tokyo, December 16, 1965

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Mr. William H. Bruns
First Secretary
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Statistical Comparison between Okinawa & Similar Prefectures
in Japan proper

December 9, 1965
Special Area's Liaison
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特区比較

1. Land Area

Area (km ²)	Okinawa	Osaka (46)	Kagawa (45)	Tokyo (44)	Kanagawa (43)	Saga (42)
	2,388.22	1,831.47	1,859.36	2,026.89	2,361.37	2,403.50

N.B. Figures in the parenthesis show ranking among prefectures in Japan proper

2. Population

	Okinawa	Tokushima (42)	Kochi (41)	Shimane (40)	Kagawa (39)	Saga (38)
Total (1,000)	883	847	854	888	918	942
Density (population/km ²)	370.0	204.5	120.3	134.2	494.2	392.3
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3. Employment (1,000)

<u>Total</u>	Okinawa	Yamanashi(44)	Fukui(43)	Tokushima(42)	Saga(41)	Kochi(40)	Kagawa(37)
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6. Agriculture (as of 1960)

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40.12.9 旅庁特選局

面積	沖繩	大阪(46)	香川(45)	東京(44)	神奈川(43)	佐賀(42)
総面積 (Km ²)	2,388.22	1,831.47	1,859.36	2,026.89	2,361.37	2,403.50

(注) 本土の都府県の積の数字は、本土の都道府県における順位(以下同)。

2.人口	沖繩	徳島(42)	高知(41)	島根(40)	香川(39)	佐賀(38)
総人口(千人)	883	847	854	888	918	942
人口密度(人/km ²)	370.0	304.5	120.3	154.2	494.2	392.3
人口指数	2.5	4.5	3.9	4.8	4.7	4.0

(備考) 本土 沖繩と比 昭和30(1950)年の国勢調査による。

3. 産業構造

15才以上就業人口(千人)	福井(43)					
	沖繩	山梨(44)	徳島(42)	佐賀(41)	高知(40)	香川(37)
第一次産業	38.6	37.2	39.2	39.5	40.9	42.0
第二次産業	17.6	16.3	15.1	18.6	17.8	21.4
第三次産業	4.7	9.2	11.4	9.0	8.6	6.6
産別就業人数(千人)	163	117	122	145	140	162

(備考) 本土 沖繩と比 昭和30(1950)年の国勢調査による。

4. 所得	(本土 昭和37年)	沖繩 (1963年度)	鳥取(46)	71,538
県民総生産(百万円)	95,033	103,400	104,355	106,493
県民平均所得(円)	79,623	779,959	78,771	108,111
所得(円)	99,120	94,280	105,248	112,313
資料	本土	昭和38年度国民所得白書	沖繩	琉球経済年鑑(1963)

鳥取(46) 71,538
佐賀(41) 71,538
高知(40) 70,105
香川(39) 70,332

5 財政規模 (本土: 昭和38年度決算額, 沖縄: 1964年度決算額)

沖繩 鳥取(44) 奈良(45) 香川(44) 山梨(43) 滋賀(42)
 歳入総額(百万円) 185,29 176,74 197,57 291,63 293,83 217,70

(備考) 資料: 本土: 地方財政統計年報(昭和38年度), 沖縄: 1964年度決算書

6 農業 (本土: 沖縄と比 昭知35(1960年)

沖繩 (和歌山(44) 39,800) 鳥取(42) 京都(41) 徳島(40) 高知(39)
 耕地面積 (ha) 44,704 45,528 46,329 46,444 46,754 47,414
 沖繩 和歌山(43) 佐賀(42) 徳島(41) 山梨(40) 京都(39)
 農家戸数 89,296 79,116 99,135 99,543 82,015 82,463

(注) 沖縄の農家戸数は1962年と20. 資料: 本土: 日本統計年鑑(昭和39年), 沖縄: 琉球統計年鑑(1963) 及び 糖業関係資料(1963 琉球政府経済局)

7 林野面積 (本土: 1960年, 沖縄: 1961年)

沖繩 東京(45) 香川(44) 神奈川県(43) 佐賀(42) 埼玉(41)
 林野面積 (ha) 119,096 80,840 94,092 104,135 120,163 133,351

(備考) 資料: 本土: 日本統計年鑑(1963), 沖縄: 沖縄概観資料(1964)

8 水産 (本土: 1962年, 沖縄: 1963年)

沖繩 鳥取(33) 富山(32) 福井(31) 佐賀(30) 宮崎(29)
 漁船総トン数 10,651 8,946 9,059 9,939 12,364 13,209
 漁獲高 (トン) 17,543 28,105 23,909 24,671 118,031 33,486

(備考) 資料: 本土: 日本統計年鑑(1963), 沖縄: 琉球水産業の概況(1964)
 及び 沖縄概観資料(1964)

9. 道路 (本土 1961年、沖縄 1963年)

	沖	縄	佐賀(45)	山梨(45)	香川(44)	大阪(43)	和歌山(42)
道路延長 (km)	1,032	1,377	1,377	1,552	1,672	1,673	1,673
改良率 (%)	76.8	42.9	44.3	23.2	60.5	58.8	
舗装率 (%)	14.0	14.8	16.9	13.6	45.3	41.7	

(備考) 資料 本土: 日本道路協会「道路年報」(1963) 沖縄: 沖縄視察資料 (1964)

10. 教育 (本土 沖縄 1962年)

	沖	縄	鳥取(46)	滋賀(45)	佐賀(44)	香川(43)	福井(42)
小中学校数	301	273	285	287	327	331	
教員数 (人)	6,265	4,340	5,511	6,253	5,815	5,197	
生徒数 (人)	238	123	157	211	181	153	
職員一人当り生徒数 (人)	38	29	35	34	31	29	

(備考) 資料 本土: 文部統計要覧 (1963) 沖縄: 琉球要覧 (1962) 及び 琉球の教育 (1963)

11. 厚生 (本土 1962年、沖縄 1963年)

	沖	縄	鳥取(46)	山梨(45)	福井(44)	奈良(43)	徳島(42)
医療施設数 (病院、診療所、歯科診療所)	362	564	706	722	779	792	
医師数	357	738	669	708	865	1,105	
歯科医師数	99	195	246	191	266	223	
薬剤師数	167	262	279	380	643	568	
人口10万対医師数	39.5	133.6	86.7	94.0	108.8	134.1	
、 歯科医師数	11.7	33.1	31.9	25.4	33.5	27.1	
、 薬剤師数	18.0	44.4	36.1	50.5	80.9	68.9	

(備考) 資料 本土: 日本統計年鑑 (1964) 及び 厚生省調査、沖縄: 琉球統計年鑑 (1963)

Financial Situation in Okinawa

1. Scale of finance

(1) Budgets in the general accounts of both GRI and municipalities in Okinawa for fiscal year 1962 (July 1961 -- June 1962), added up simply, work out at approximately 16,920 million yen.

Then, the amount of the net budget estimate, that is, the above amount minus the overlapping amount between the GRI and cities, towns or villages (including educational districts), and special casual expenditures, is 12,740 million yen.

If this amount is divided, as is the case with the prefectures in Japan, into the expenditures corresponding to those disbursed directly by government agencies as their own expenditures, and expenditures corresponding to those disbursed by prefectures, and cities, towns or villages, for conducting their own affairs, the result will be as follows:

- a) Expenditures equivalent to those for conducting governmental affairs 2,540 million yen
- b) Expenditures equivalent to those for conducting prefectural affairs 6,940 million yen
- c) Expenditures equivalent to those for conducting the affairs of cities, towns, or villages . 3,260 million yen

(2) The breakdown of the aforesaid ^{budgetary scale} is given in Annex 1.

The

The estimation is based on the classification by the following categories.

- a) Expenditures equivalent to those for conducting governmental affairs:
 - (i) Expenditures required by agencies corresponding to government agencies (such as quarantine office and immigration office, etc.)
 - (ii) Expenditures for administering public-owned forests (most of which are former state forests)
 - (iii) Expenditures corresponding to those for statistical research conducted by the government
 - (iv) Expenditures for shipping and maritime safety
 - (v) Expenditures for meteorological observation
 - (vi) Expenditures for judicial and prison affairs
 - (vii) Expenditures for the Ryukyu University
 - (viii) Expenditures for scholarship project
 - (ix) Expenditures corresponding to financial investments and loans made by the government
 - (x) Expenditures for allocation tax to cities, towns and villages
 - (xi) Expenditures under the government budget which exceed the framework of ordinary expenditures for conducting prefectural affairs and which are deemed to correspond to expenditures for governmental affairs

b)

- b) Expenditures equivalent to those for conducting prefectural affairs:
 - (i) Among expenditures under the government budget, expenditures corresponding to those for conducting prefectural affairs.
 - (ii) Among expenditures under the budget for educational districts, those for payment to teachers of primary and middle schools, etc.
- c) Expenditures equivalent to those for conducting the affairs of cities, towns and villages:
 - (i) Expenditures for preparing electors' rosters
 - (ii) Expenditures for fire-fighting facilities
 - (iii) Of the expenditures for daily life security, those to be borne by municipalities
 - (iv) Of the expenditures under the educational district budget, expenditures excluding those corresponding to expenditures for prefectural affairs.
- d) Special, casual expenditures
 - (i) Casual expenditures incurred for removal of governmental facilities, etc. resulting from the use of lands by US military forces
 - (ii) Special expenditures required for the countermeasure for stabilizing the prices of pigs, etc.
 - (iii) Expenditures which are to be covered under the Special account (e.g. postal and telecommunication services)

2. Taxe Revenues

(1) The revenue estimates for FY1962 in the Ryukyu Islands are approximately 8,100 Million Yen

The breakdown are as follows:

Classification	Revenue Estimates
A. GRI Tax	7,200 Million Yen
1) Income Taxes	1,700
2) Other Taxes	5,500
B. Municipal Tax	600
C. Education Tax	300
Total	8,100

(2) Supposing that the Japanese Tax system is applied in the Ryukyu Islands, the revenue estimates account for about 6,700 Million Yen.

Classification	Revenue Estimates
A. National Tax	5,000 Million Yen
1) Income Taxes	600
2) Other Taxes	4,400
B. Prefectural Tax	900
C. Municipal Tax	800
Total	6,700

(3) The comparison of income tax burden by enterprisers and wage earners between the Ryukyu and Japan is given in annex 2:

3. Tentative calculation of the amounts of financial requirements and of revenues in Okinawa

A tentative calculation has been made of the amount of financial requirements and of revenues in Okinawa according to the following formulas after the example of prefectures in Japan. The results are given in Annex III.

- a) The amount of financial requirements is to be obtained by adding up the amounts of expenditures corresponding to those for conducting governmental affairs, of the standard financial requirements and of the defrayal requirements from the Treasury.
- i) Expenditures corresponding to those for governmental affairs are to be expenditures corresponding to those for governmental affairs under the governmental budget in Okinawa.
- ii) The amount of the standard financial requirements is to be the amount worked out by the method of computation in the case of the local allocation tax.
- iii) The amount of defrayal from the Treasury is to be the amount estimated from its counterpart in the case of similar prefectures in Japan (excepting for expenditures for calamities).
- b) The amount of revenues is to be obtained by adding up the amount of the estimated receipts from national taxes, of standard financial receipts and of cash grants by USCAR.

i)

- i) The estimated amount of receipts from collection of national taxes is to be the amount of receipts from collection of national taxes that may be estimated assuming that the tax system of Japan is applied in Okinawa.
- ii) The amount of standard fiscal revenue is to be the amount equivalent to 80 percent of the amount of receipts from prefectural tax and to 70 percent of the amount of receipts from municipal tax that may be estimated assuming that the local tax system of Japan is applied in Okinawa.
- iii) Cash grants by USCAR are to be the amount appropriated in the government budget for fiscal ^{year} 1962.
- c) Therefore, with respect to rentals, fees and other receipts, they are left out of account.

Annex 1.

Budgetary Scale of the Ryukyu Government and municipalities in FY 1962

(unit: million yen)

Item	Amount	Remarks
A. Budget of GRI	11,290	
1. Expenditures corresponding to those for conducting Governmental Affairs	3,010	This classification is made according to a Japanese budgetary classification pattern, applied to the Ryukyu Government budget.
2. Expenditures corresponding to those for conducting Prefectural Governmental Affairs	6,940	
3. Expenditures corresponding to those for conducting to Local Governmental Affairs	720	
4. Special casual expenditures	620	
B. Budget of Local Government (Shi-Cho-Son)	2,540	
1. Money Appropriated by GRI	410	
2. Receipts of Local Allocation Tax	470	
3. Local Taxes	600	
4. Others	1,060	
C. Budget of Educational District Committees	3,090	
1. Money Appropriated by GRI	2,630	
2. Subsidies from Local Government	50	
3. Education Tax	300	
4. Others	110	
D. Total Amount (A+B+C)	16,920	

- 2 -

E. Overlapping Amount	4,180	
1. Local Allocation Tax	47	To be deducted from GRI Budget
2. Money Appropriated by GRI	3,040	To be deducted from both Local Government and Educational District Committee Budgets
3. Subsidies from Local Government	50	To be deducted from Educational District Committee Budgets
4. Special, casual expenditures	620	To be deducted from GRI budget
F. Net Budget Estimates (D-E)	12,740	
1. Expenditures corresponding to those for conducting Governmental Affairs	2,540	
2. Expenditures corresponding to those for conducting Prefectural Governmental Affairs	6,940	
3. Expenditures corresponding to those for conducting Local Governmental Affairs	3,260	

Taking into consideration the population, area and National incomes of the Ryukyus, the Islands are similar to such prefectures as Tokushima, Kochi, Shimane, and Saga Prefectures in Japan.

Prefecture	Populations in 1960	Area sq. km.	National Incomes in FY 1960		Remarks
			Gross-Incomes million yen	per head thousand yen	
Ryukyus	883,176	2,388	5,200	62	based on the census conducted in Dec. 1, 1960.
Tokushima	847,279	4,143	6,070	70	
Kochi	854,523	7,104	6,730	74	
Shimane	888,870	6,626	6,580	71	
Saga	942,830	2,404	7,160	72	

Comparison with the Financial scope of GRI and those of such similar prefectures in Japan

Item	Ryukyus (A) million yen	Similar Prefectures (Average) (B) million yen	Ratio	Remarks
			A B	
Expenditure corresponding to those for conducting Prefectural Affairs	690	1,400	49%	
Expenditure corresponding to those for conducting municipal Affairs	330	700	47	
Total Amount	1,020	2,100	49	

Remarks: (A) Based on the estimates in FY 1962

(B) Based on the estimates in JFY 1961

Annex 2.

Income Tax Burden by Enterprisers (FY 1961)

Annual Income	Composition of Household	Okinawa			Japan			Rate ($\frac{A}{B}$)
		Income Tax	Inhabitants' Tax : Proportionate to Income Tax	Total (A)	Income Tax	Inhabitants' Tax : Proportionate to Income Tax	Total (B)	
\$1,200 (¥432,000)	Couple and 2 children	\$176 (¥63,360)	\$8 (¥2,880)	\$184 (¥66,240)	\$75 (¥27,000)	\$21 (¥7,560)	\$96 (¥34,560)	1.9
\$895 (¥322,200)	Couple and 3 children	\$76 (¥27,360)	\$4.40 (¥1,584)	\$80.40 (¥28,944)	\$20 (¥7,200)	\$5.60 (¥2,016)	\$25.60 (¥9,216)	3.1
\$1,547 (¥556,740)	- do. -	\$258 (¥92,880)	\$10.40 (¥4,344)	\$268.40 (¥96,624)	\$128 (¥46,200)	\$35.84 (¥12,782)	\$163.84 (¥58,982)	1.6

Income Tax Burden by Wage Earners (FY 1961)

Annual Amount	Composition of Household	Okinawa			Japan			Rate ($\frac{A}{B}$)
		Income Tax	Inhabitants' Tax : Proportionate to Income Tax	Total (A)	Income Tax	Inhabitants' Tax : Proportionate to Income Tax	Total (B)	
\$1,200 (¥432,000)	Couple and 2 children	\$1,250 (¥45,000)	\$6.40 (¥2,304)	\$131.40 (¥47,304)	\$32.60 (¥11,800)	\$9.13 (¥3,223)	\$41.73 (¥15,023)	3.1
\$895 (¥322,200)	Couple and 3 children	\$46 (¥16,560)	\$3.20 (¥1,152)	\$49.20 (¥17,712)	\$20.00 (¥7,200)	\$5.60 (¥2,028)	\$25.60 (¥9,220)	1.9
\$1,547 (¥556,740)	- do. -	\$189 (¥68,040)	\$8.70 (¥3,132)	\$197.70 (¥71,172)	\$75 (¥27,000)	\$21 (¥7,560)	\$96 (¥34,560)	2.1

Income Tax Burden by Wage Earners

Tax Salary (Ryukyu FY 1962)

Monthly Income	Composition of Household	Okinawa			Japan			Rate ($\frac{A}{B}$)
		Income Tax	Inhabitants' Tax : Proportionate to : Income Tax	Total (A)	Income Tax	Inhabitants' Tax : Proportionate to : Income Tax	Total (B)	
\$ 50 (¥18,000)	Couple and 2 children	\$1.20	\$0.05	\$1.25	-	-	-	-
\$70 (¥25,200)	- do. -	\$4.31	\$0.14	\$4.45	-	-	-	-
\$100 (¥36,000)	- do. -	\$10.41	\$0.53	\$10.94	\$2.36	\$0.66	\$3.02	3.6

Annex 3

Recapitulation of Amount of Okinawa Financial
Requirements and of Revenues in Okinawa

Items	Estimated Amount	Remarks
A. Expenditures corresponding to those for conducting Government Affairs	2,500 Million Yen	
B. Standard Amount of Financial Requirements	8,500	
1) Prefecture	5,100	
2) Municipalities	3,400	
C. Amount of defrayal from the Treasury	5,900	
1) Prefecture	4,800	
2) Municipalities	1,100	
D. Total Amount of Financial Requirements (A+B+C)	16,900	
E. National Tax Revenue Estimates	5,000	
F. Standard Amount of Financial Revenues	1,200	
1) Prefecture	700	
2) Municipalities	500	
G. Grant-in-Aid by USCAR	1,700 (Appropriated in FY1962)	
H. Total Amount of Financial Revenues (E+F+G)	7,900	
Balance (D - H)	9,000	

県別の国税収入と国庫支出対比（60年度）

県名	人口	所得	国税	負担率	地方 譲与税	地方 交付税	国庫 支出金	計	国税との差
	千人	千円	千円	%	千円	千円	千円	千円	千円
全国	9,200	234,685.36	33,078.27	14.1	9,010.7	622.253	970.040	1,682.400	1,625.427
山梨	792	150,222	16,022	10.7	920	10,684	10,166	21,770	△ 5,748
奈良	770	174,653	18,524	10.6	861	7,886	9,432	18,179	345
滋賀	844	188,570	19,976	10.6	1,003	7,004	10,936	18,943	1,033
福井	753	166,204	19,286	11.6	936	8,875	10,353	20,164	△ 878
鳥取	610	116,545	12,775	10.9	765	8,485	7,624	16,874	△ 4,099
島根	916	172,071	18,520	10.8	1,285	12,477	13,032	26,789	△ 8,269
香川	937	225,673	23,532	10.4	1,033	9,579	10,088	20,700	2832
徳島	864	159,985	17,670	11.0	1,008	11,700	11,424	24,133	△ 6,463
高知	878	175,826	19,094	10.9	1,115	12,548	13,921	27,584	△ 8,490
沖縄	863	175,620	18,759	10.5	民政府補助			2,455	

（資料 琉球新報 45. 13）

注、国家機関の支出経費額の計算が加えられていない。

1-(1) 住(県)民所得(分配所得)

	1964年度(昭38年度)					1965年度(昭39年度)					(注)
	額(百万円)	対前額(%)	前年比(%)	国民所得1人当り対前比(%)	県推計人口(人)	額(百万円)	対前額(%)	前年比(%)	国民所得1人当り対前比(%)	県推計人口(人)	
国民所得 C.Y. FY.	172,030 182,655	184,671 190,048	113.5 114.8	100 100	95,862 96,110	200,470 205,225	206,943 211,280	112.1 111.2	100 100	96,872 97,134	1. 資料「国民所得白書」(昭和40年版)、昭和59年度は経済企画庁調
沖繩 2388 Km ²	106,884	115,920	109.7	62.8	923	122,400	131,040	113.0	63.3	933	「沖繩の国民所得」(1965年)
鳥取 3488	96,624	129,770	109.7	70.3	590	87,142	149,199	115.0	72.1	584	2. 0. 印付会計年度 勿他は年次 沖繩は会計年度(2月~6月)
島根 6625	109,972	128,492	110.4	67.6	856	123,999	147,030	114.4	69.6	841	3. 全国国民所得のC.Y.は年次 F.Y.は会計年度
徳島 4142	115,096	137,631	112.4	74.5	836	132,038	160,719	116.8	77.7	822	
高知 7104	120,066	144,859	113.6	76.2	829	136,240	165,641	114.3	78.4	823	
佐賀 2403	120,263	133,964	113.8	72.5	899	135,860	154,775	115.5	74.8	878	
宮崎 7732	148,741	134,514	120.4	72.8	7406	163,182	148,139	110.2	71.6	1101	
鹿児島 9140	208,888	111,174	119.4	60.2	1903	225,912	119,982	107.9	58.0	1883	

1-(2) 財政規模等の比較 (本土 昭和三十九年度
沖縄 1965年度)

区 分	人口(人)	県民所得(百万円)	純計財政規模(百万円)	県民所得に対する財政規模の割合(%)	1人当り財政規模(円)
沖 縄 (下段の数字は国政 相対費を控除)	933	122,400	23,781	19.6	25,703
			18,281	14.9	19,594
島 取	58.4	87,142	27,706	31.8	47,412
島 根	8.41	123,799	41,673	33.7	49,552
徳 島	8.22	132,038	34,590	26.2	42,080
高 知	8.23	136,240	42,070	30.9	51,118
佐 賀	8.78	135,860	35,287	26.0	40,190
宮 崎	110.1	163,182	45,231	27.7	41,082
鹿 児 島	188.3	225,912	71,523	31.7	37,984
7県の平均	99.0	143,453	42,583	29.7	43,013

総 理 府

(注)

1. 資料 本土側 「昭和39年度 地方財政統計年報」(昭和41年3月 自治省)
沖繩側 「市町村行財政資料 79集」(1966年6月 琉球政府総務局)
「第11回 教育財政調査報告書 1965会計年度」(1966年6月 琉球政府文教局)

2. 本土側は県、市町村及び一部事務組合の、沖繩側は琉球政府、市町村及び教育区の歳入決算額の純計である。

3. 純計財政規模の算出基礎

(1) 本土側 控除分

- (A) 県 a 市町村からの分担金及び負担金
b 市町村からの寄附金
c 市町村からの貸付元利収入、受託事業収入及び雑収入
d 地方債

- (B) 市町村 a 都道府県支出金
b 地方債

- (C) 一部事務組合 a 都道府県支出金
b 地方債

(2) 沖繩側 控除分

- (A) 市町村 a 市町村交付税
b 政府支出金
c 市町村債

- (B) 教育区 a 政府補助金
b 市町村補助金
c 教育区債

備考：琉球政府が起債を行なっていないので、本土・沖繩とも起債による収入を控除した。