琉球大学学術リポジトリ

米国管理下の南西諸島状況雑件　沖縄関係　一般重要案件(3)

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NHKのレアド国防長官インタビュー

（回覧番号　　）　外務省電信案　（分類　　）

電信課長 代	機密表示（極秘・秘の朱印） 秘	符号表示 暗　略　平	※総第 48062 号
		※第 1975 号	※昭和　年　月　日　時　分発 44.10.2 19.28
		大至急　至急　普通・LTF	※発電係

（※印欄内は電信課記入）

大臣 政務次官 事務次官 外務審議官 外務審議官 官房長	主管 アメリカ局長 参事官 北米第一課長	主管局部課（室）名 米北1 起案 昭和44年10月2日 起案者 佐藤 電話番号 445.

協議先

在 米、下田 大使 臨時代理大使 総領事 代理 あて 愛知 大臣発

電信 在 大使 臨時代理大使 総領事 代理 あて

件名

NHKのレアード国防長官インタービュー

浅尾書記官へ、北米第一課長より

先般の本官着地滞在中、側面的援助方お願い

したNHKのレアード国防長官とのインタービュー申入れ

件のその後の進捗振り、見通し等につき、

回電ありたい。

2 157 63

（昭和四二・七・一改正）GB-1

ソ　カ　万博
ヒ　ヒ　博

大政務次官 / 事務次官 / 官房長 / 審議官 / 審議官 / 会計課 / 経理課 / 厚生課

国際資源課長 / 参調査企画課

領事移住課長 / 参領事移住課

アジア局長 / 参中東二 / 北東一

米局 / 参北米課

中南米局 / 参一二

欧亜局 / 参西欧 / 東欧

近アフリカ局長 / 参審近ア

経済局 / 次総経国際 / 参貿易統制 / 参政経技術 / 国際一課

経済協力局 / 参条約課

条約局 / 参条約課

国際法局 / 参政経済

国際連合局 / 軍縮室 / 参国連内外

文化事業部 / 一二

注　意
1. 本電の取扱いは慎重を期せられたい。
2. 本電の主管変更その他については検閲班に連絡ありたい。

300

電信写

総番号（T.A）44303　主管

69年　月　日　時　分　発
69年10月3日11時00分　着　米北1

外務大臣殿　下田　大使　臨時代理大使　総領事　代理

NHKのレアード国防長官インタビュー

第3125号　略　至急

貴電米北1第1975号に関し

北米第一課長へアサオより

国務、国防両省広報担当官及び日本関係官を通じ本件実現方早速要請しおいたところ、状況次の通り。

1、国務省はNHK、在京米大使館等の要請を国防省に取次ぎ、国防省は当初広報局が本件を担当していたが、ドウリン国防次官補代理にもその可否を検討方指示があつた由。

2、9月26日国防省ISAトルエックス日本課長より小倉に対し本件インタビューにつき意見を求められたので、当方より本件取材の意ぎを説明し、インタビュー実現につきじん力してほしい旨強く要請しておいた。その際同課長より国防長官によるインタビューのフィルムのPREVIEW及び書面による質問の事前提出の可否を照会越した。よつて当地NHKに照会したところ、いずれも可能である旨の回答を得た。

3、2日トルエックス課長に本件インタビューの見通しに

外務省

NHK 尾崎キヲ、外報中日言記者"立松"
10/3 ㊐

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電信写

つき質したところ、ＩＳＡの助言に基づき広報局より長官に対しインタビューに応ずるよう意見具申中なるも、未だ決裁に至うておらず、決裁あり次第中連絡越す旨回答越した。

4、国防省日本関係者は本件に関し極めて積極的なるも、同長官は外人記者との単独インタビューに応じた先例がない由であり、また多ぼうを極めているので本件インタビューが実現するか否か予断を許さないものとみられる。

(了)

外務省

ソ　カ　万億
セ　セ　ン

大臣	官房
政務次官	外務審議官
官房長	条約局長
儀典長	経済局長
総務参事官	入管局長
国際連合局長	参事官
領事移住部長	参事官
アジア局長	地域局長
米州局長	参事官
中南米課長	参事官
欧亜課長	参事官
近東アフリカ課長	参事官
経済局長	次長
経済協力局長	参事官
条約局長	参事官
国際法局長	参事官
情報文化局長	参事官

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電信写

総番号(TA) 44303　　主管
69年 2月 21日 21時 50分　米国　発
69年 10月 3日 11時 00分　本省　着　米北1

外務大臣殿　下田　大使　臨時代理大使　総領事　代理

NHKのレアード国防長官インタビュー

第3125号　略　至急
貴電米北1第1975号に関し
北米第一課長へアサオより
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3、2日トルエツクス課長に本件インタビューの見通しに

外務省

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(了)

外務省

Security of the World

Title	Purpose of this series
Polaris missile launched from underwater (1 minute)	This series is intended to inform the Japanese people of the world military situation and of the defense efforts now being made by the United States, Sweden, the Federal Republic of Germany, the Soviet Union and Turkey, together with the military spendings of these countries, and the burdens being brought on their people. (Our coverage team will stay in the United States for two weeks starting October 1. We should be obliged if you would kindly arrange to assist our team in its activities during this period.)
Full view of Pentagon Entrance to Pentagon (UP) Soldiers coming in and out Meeting (2 minutes)	The United States has 3,500,000 servicemen and spends yearly some 70,000,000,000 dollars for national defense. The U.S. Forces are the strongest in history with respect to their equipment and firearms.
Interview with Secretary of Defense Laird (Reporter: Yoshiki Hidaka)	Question (1) What is the defense "Philosophy" of the United States possessing the tremendous armed forces? Question (2) Will you please explain about the entire U.S. military strength in concrete detail, and about new weapons now under development?

(5 minutes)	Question (3) How do you evaluate the world situation after 1970 centered around the United States with such massive military strength?
B-52 bombers standing side by side Taxing plane Bombers taking off (Please designate a suitable filming site for these scenes.) (2 minutes)	The Strategic Air Force forms the nucleus of the U.S. military strength. And the B-52 bombers are one of the most powerful weapons of the Air Force. A brief explanation on the number of the B-52's now in service and on the history of their development.
Underground command room of SAC Headquarters in Omaha Entrance to command room Full view Switchboard Telephones Officers moving about (3 minutes)	This is the U.S. Strategic Air Command, the pivot of U.S. nuclear forces. The Headquarters is on the alert around the clock and the B-52's are ready for action under its command.
Radar site on Dewey Line at Thule (Greenland) or Alaska (2 minutes)	The warning network covers all over the world.
B-52's in flight (If this scene is difficult to cover, stock films will do.)2	B-52's are constantly undergoing bombing drill in the United States under the direction of the command room in Omaha.

Full view of missile launching site Inside of Minuteman silo Soldiers moving Meters (Filming site: Vandenberg) (3 minutes)	The Minuteman, another mainstay of the U.S. nuclear forces. The United States has one thousand missiles of this type.
Submarine equipped with Polaris missiles Full view Crew on submarine Interior (The mess hall will do) (Please designate a suitable filming site.) (3 minutes)	Still another main stay of the U.S. nuclear force is the Polaris missile. The United States has 41 submarines equipped with Polaris missiles, and two thirds of these are being deployed for operations all over the world.
Munitions factory (Douglas, Martin or Rockwell) Full view of factory, and men at work (Our request for the coverage of this item will be made separately) (4 minutes)	The U.S. munitions industry, which has produced such a tremendous military strength, is now developing MARV and ABM which will take the place of the Minuteman.
Full view of RAND Corporation Conference	The American military efforts cover not only nuclear strength, but also various other fields. Constant progress is required of these efforts in line with the changes in the technological and knowhow and the world situation. The United States has many "brains" to meet such requirements, and RAND Corporation has been playing a leading role since World War II.

Interview	Question (1) How far, do you think, will the United States be able to endure such a huge military spending? Question (2) What is the prospect of disarmament?

September 5, 1969

Mr. Norman T. Hatch
Chief, Audio-Visual Division
Public Affairs
Department of Defence
Washington, D.C.
U. S. A.

Dear Sir,

We are writing to ask for your kind assistance to us in our production of a series of radio and television documentary programs concerning national security, as per the coverage plan enclosed herewith.

In order to make on-the-spot coverage for this series, we are sending a three-man reporting team, consisting of reporter Yoshiki Hidaka and a producer and a cameraman, to various countries including the United States.

It is in the coverage in your country as proposed in the attached Plan that we need your kind assistance. For your information, our coverage plan for the United States has already been submitted, as per the enclosed copy, to your Government through the kindness of Colonel Audic, Chief of News Division of the U.S. Armed Forces in Japan.

We, therefore, should be deeply grateful if you would kindly make arrangements to enable our coverage in line with the schedule as proposed below. By the way, we wish to add that Mr. Hidaka, the leader of the reporting team, visited your country in March 1968 as a member of East Asia Pacific Journalist Tour, at the joint invitation of the Department of State and Defence, and that, on that occasion, he was given the opportunity, with the assistance of Mr. Wagner of your Division, of interviewing exclusively Dr. Halperin, former Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defence, and also of covering a number of military bases there.

Schedule (proposed by NHK)

Oct. 5th Ar. Los Angeles, Calif. Go straight to the SAC base in Riverside. An overnight stay in Riverside base. Wish to cover the take-offs of B-52s until the evening of 6th.

6th Ar. Rand Corporation, Santa Monica, in the evening. Expecting to cover the Rand Corp. on 7th. (Although we have already written to Rand, we would appreciate your confirming our request with them)

9th: Ar. Lockheed, Santa Cruz, calif.
11th Ar. Offutt Omaha Nebraska, SAC Hq.
12th Ar. Washington.
13th–19th: interview with Mr Laird, and following to Mr Packard, similarly.

"Security of the World"

1. Aim of the program

The year 1970 is the time when Japan must make her decision on the methods whereby to maintain the national security.

In the hope of providing the Japanese people with material that will help them in making this crucial decision, we should like to produce a series of programs based on the results of our on-the-spot coverage to report what kind of international conditions each country of the world envisages for the future and how each of those nations, in order to cope with future developments, considers the national defence and what type of security system she is trying to adopt.

2. Outline of the programs to be produced

The following six programs will be produced:

(1) "Theory of Deterrent - The American World-Strategy"

The United States, who believes in the achievement of world peace by means of deterrent power, is constantly under pressure of need to expand her arms in accordance with the changing world situation and the ever-advancing technology.

In this program, we wish to explore the trend of such world-strategy of the United States. The subjects of coverage we have in mind include the introduction of the organizational structure of the U.S. Department of Defence and that of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, interviews with the responsible senior officials, and the on-the-spot coverage of the anti air-attack system as seen in Greenland (Thule) and Alaska (Almendolf) as well as the coverage of the watch flights of the B52, the Vandenburg missile base and the Polaris bases.

(2) "Collective Defence of West Europe - the facts about the NATO forces"

The NATO Forces were organized, when the cold war was at its height, as a "shield" for West Europe with the American nuclear power as the "spear".

However, they have undergone substantial changes as a result of the easing of the international tension and the secession of France.

In this program, we should like to introduce the actual condition of the NATO Forces which are sometimes dubbed 'Phantom Allies'. The proposed subjects of coverage are the national defence forces of West Germany, the West German forces stationed in Denmark, the nuclear power of Britain, the national defence system of France, etc.

(3) "Security in Neutral Nations - Scandinavian countries and Switzerland"

This program will introduce the existing situation in the neutral countries which do not join either of the military alliances of the East or West but are trying to achieve stability in national security on their own. The proposed subjects of coverage are the group of underground bases of Sweden, the arms and military industries she has been independently developing, the national defence forces of Finland using the Soviet-made equipment, the training of recruited soldiers in Switzerland and her concept of national defence, etc.

(4) "The American Umbrella"

The nations under the American umbrella, that is, the nations that are woven into the strategic system of the United States, accept the stationing of American forces in their territories, sharing interests with the United States.

In this program, we wish to show in what way those nations are trying to maintain national security with the assistance of the United States. The proposed subjects of coverage are the Turkish Army that has half a million ground forces, and the Spanish forces.

(5) "New Strategic System of the Soviet Sphere - Situation behind the easing tension"

What are the aims of the Soviet Union which has been strengthening its naval power and increasing the marine corps and parachute troops?

At least, from the point of view of its strategy toward the United States, it appears that the Soviet is adopting what may be called 'flexible reaction strategy', by casting away its tense attitude of the past. If this is the case, what kind of change will be brought to the role of the Warsaw Pact Forces that were formed as against the NATO Forces? Furthermore, what course would the Soviet strategy take toward Communist China when the tension is mounting between the two countries?

Taking up such subjects as mentioned above, we should like to bring out in relief the military profiles of the "Giant of the East".

(6) "United Nations Forces as they should be and as they actually are"

The United Nations Forces, which were organized as the international police forces to maintain world peace, now appear to have become something quite different from what they ought be. However, despite such situation, the U.N. Forces are quietly continuing their steady efforts in Cyprus and the Middle East to bring about peace in those regions. Thus the U.N. Forces change their status in accordance with the role played by the United Nations in international politics.

In this program, we are expecting to appeal to our audience the ideals of the United Nations Forces through portrayal of their actual condition.

The proposed subjects of coverage are the U.N. Forces Training Center in Canada, the activities of the U.N. Forces in Cyprus and the Middle East, the meetings of the Disarmament Committee in Geneva, etc.

3. Countries to be visited for coverage

U.S.A., Greenland, Finland, Sweden, Denmark, West Germany, France, Britain, Spain, Turkey, Pakistan, Canada, Belgium, Soviet Union, East Germany and Poland.

4. Period of Coverage

Eighty (80) days, starting on October 1, 1969

5. Broadcasting schedule

February - March, 1970

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ソ ヒ　カ ヒ　万 博

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電信写

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大政事外外儀官
務務
次次　典房
臣官官審審長長
儀書文会営給
総人電厚計
国資長　参調析企
領移長　参領旅移
ア長　参地中東二　北東二西
米長　参北北保
中南審　参一二
欧長　参西東洋　西東
近ア長　参審近ア
経長　次総経国万　参資統国
経協長　参政技二　国一理
条長　参条協規
国長　参政経科　軍社専
情長　参道内外
文長　一二

総番号(T·A) 46079　主管
69年10月13日19時20分　米国　発
69年10月14日08時37分　本省　着　米亜

外務大臣殿　下田 大使 臨時代理大使　総領事　代理

NHK取材はんの国防長官とのインタビュー

第3230号　略　至急
往電第3125号に関し。
北米第1課長へ　アサオより
ドーウリン国防次官補代理の格別のじん力により17日15:00に本件インタビューが行なわれることに内定をみた。(了)

石河さん
NHK尾崎キャプテン通報ずみ

外務省