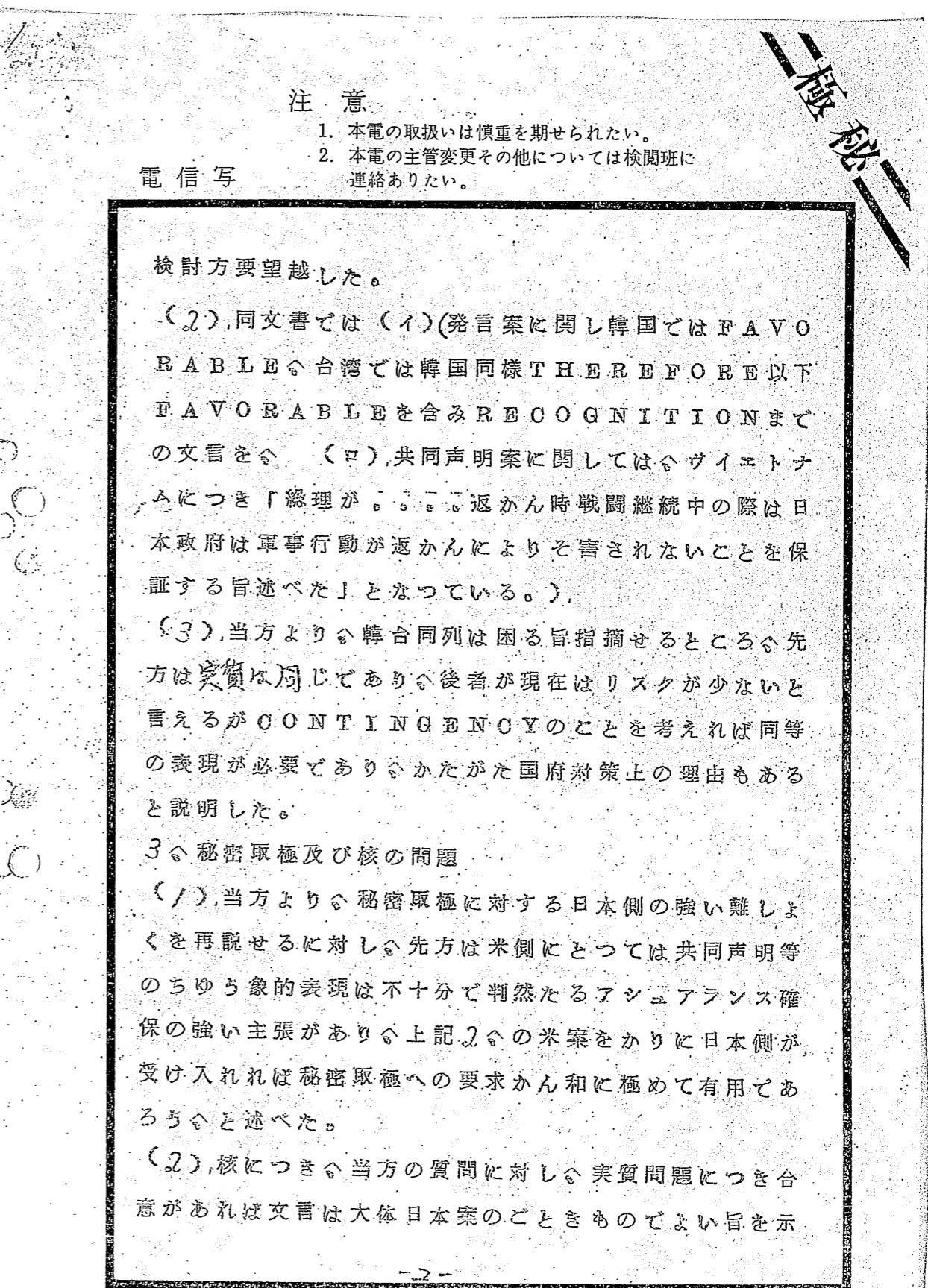
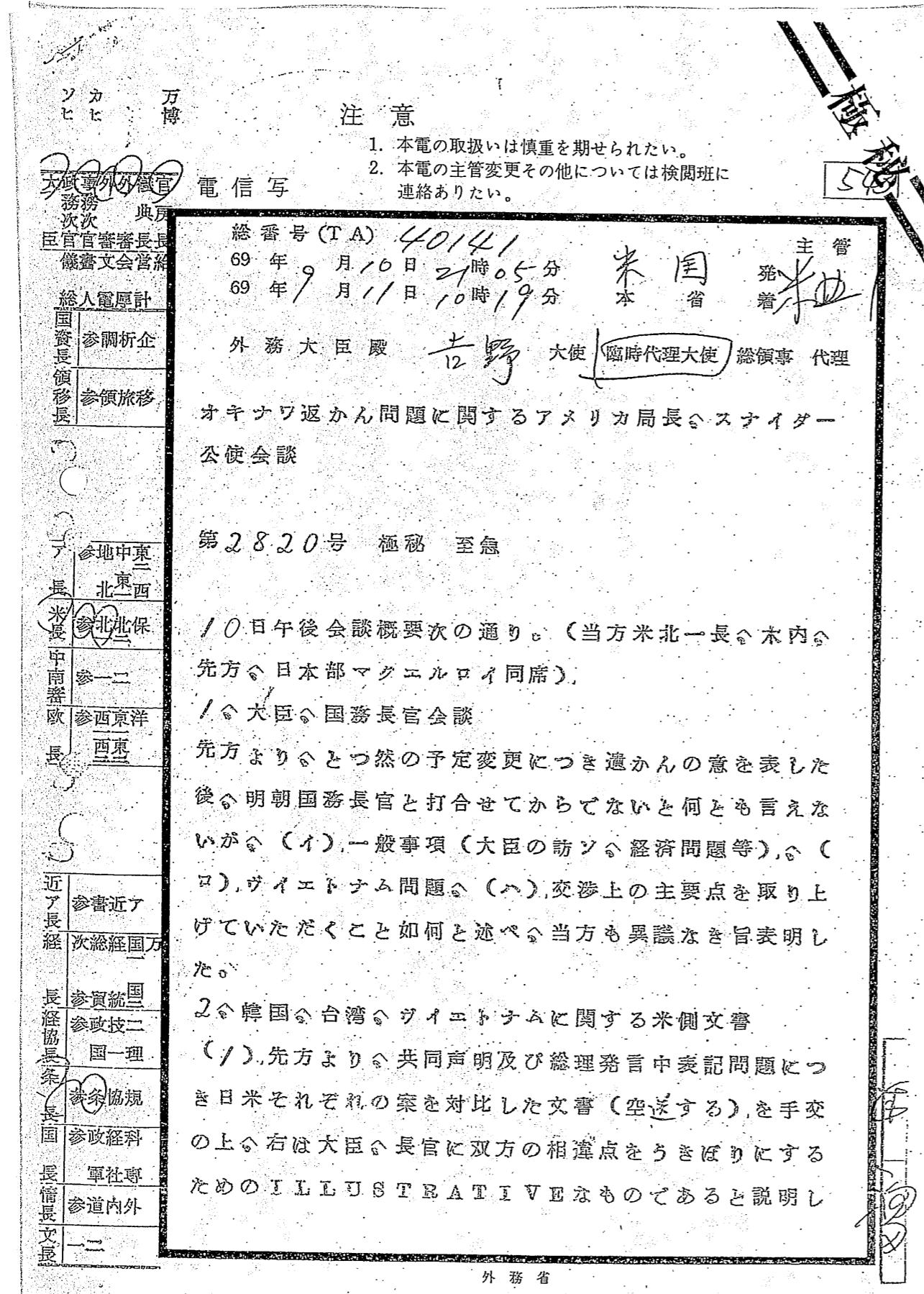


# 琉球大学学術リポジトリ

## 1972年の沖縄返還時の有事の際の核持ち込みに関する「密約」に係る調査関連文書No.2

メタデータ	言語: 出版者: 公開日: 2019-02-15 キーワード (Ja): 核持ち込みに問題, ジョンソン次官 キーワード (En): 作成者: - メールアドレス: 所属:
URL	<a href="http://hdl.handle.net/20.500.12000/43897">http://hdl.handle.net/20.500.12000/43897</a>

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注意

1. 本電の取扱いは慎重を期せられたい。
2. 本電の主管変更その他については検閲班に連絡ありたい。

電信写

さしつつも先日の会談でジョンソン次官がシモダ大使に述べたところをふまんし大統領としてはオキナワについての諸取締の他の面の状況に照らして現在のステータス変更の討方を考慮する意向であると述べた。

4) 米側の議会対策

当方の質問に対し先方より國務長官としては議会で大きな問題をじやつ起させないことを主がんとして立法院の支持を求めており、一般的の表明をもつて議会に説明する積りであるとして上院の正式の承認を必ずしも求める気はないことを表明した。

ベルギーに転電した。

(了)

— 3 —

機密

アメリカ局長  
参事官  
北米オ一課長

極秘

政第7572号

昭和44年9月16日

外務大臣 殿

在米大使

要處理	
首席事務官	
南 方	
海外 調査	
漁 業	
航 空	
科 学 協 力	
交 流 調 整	
調 査	
カナダ	
局 所 務	



GA-4

外務省

件名返還用紙に附す。アメリカ局長・ス

ナリハ公使会談

往電文 2820号ヲ、12月ニ

米側より手交の文書別添付送付す。

付属物添付

*9/11/64 M. H. B.*

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U.S. and GOJ Language

1. Korea

a. Communiqué:

The Prime Minister and the President specifically noted the continuing tension over the Korean Peninsula. The Prime Minister highly appreciated the peace-keeping efforts of the United Nations in the area and stated that the security of the Republic of Korea was essential to Japan's own security.

b. GOJ Unilateral Statement:

In particular, if an armed attack against the Republic of Korea were to occur, the security of Japan would be seriously affected. Therefore, should an occasion arise for U.S. forces in such an eventuality to use facilities and areas in Japan as bases for military combat operations to meet the armed attack, the policy of the Japanese Government towards prior consultation would be to decide promptly its position on the basis of the foregoing recognition.

c. U.S. Version of Above Statement:

Replace final clause as follows: "The policy of the Japanese Government towards prior consultation would be to give prompt and favorable consideration to such a request on the basis of foregoing recognition."

2. Taiwan

a. Communiqué:

The Prime Minister and the President shared the hope that Communist China would

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adopt a more cooperative and constructive attitude in its external relations. The President, however, recalled that Communist China had so far refused to join with the United States in a mutual renunciation of the threat or use of force in the Taiwan area, and referred to the treaty obligations of his country to the Republic of China which the U.S. would uphold. The Prime Minister expressed his full understanding of the position of the United States and stated that the Japanese Government also continued to view the situation in the Taiwan area with close attention and concern.

b. GOJ Unilateral Statement:

The maintenance of peace and security in the Taiwan area is also an important factor for the security of Japan. I believe in this regard that the determination of the United States to uphold her treaty commitments to the Republic of China should be fully appreciated. However, should a situation ever occur in which these treaty commitments would actually have to be invoked against an armed attack from outside, it would be a threat to the peace and security of the Far East including Japan, though, I am glad to say, such a situation cannot be foreseen today. The policy of our government is to continue to keep a close watch on the situation in the Taiwan area and to deal with it as our national interest requires on the basis of the foregoing considerations.

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c. U.S. Version of Above Statement:

Add additional sentence to above:  
"Furthermore, should an occasion arise  
for U.S. forces in the eventuality of an  
armed attack on the Taiwan area to use  
facilities and areas in Japan as bases  
for military combat operations to meet  
the armed attack, the policy of the  
Japanese Government towards prior consul-  
tation would be to give prompt and favorable  
consideration to such a request on the  
basis of foregoing recognition."

3. Viet-Nam

a. GOJ Version of Communique:

The President described the earnest efforts made by the United States for a peaceful and just settlement of the Viet-Nam problem. The Prime Minister expressed his earnest hope for a substantial progress towards that end. He further stated that Japan was exploring what role she could play in bringing about stability and reconstruction in the Indochina area.

b. U.S. Version of Communique:

The President described the earnest efforts made by the United States for a peaceful and just settlement of the Viet-Nam problem. The Prime Minister expressed his earnest hope for a substantial progress towards that end, and stated that if hostilities have not concluded there by the time reversion is scheduled to take place, the Japanese Government would assume that the military effort would not be impeded because of reversion. He further stated that Japan was exploring what role she could play in bringing about stability and reconstruction in the Indochina area.

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